



Protecting crocodiles means protecting their habitats, which also safeguards many other species — fish, birds, amphibians, and plants — that share the same environment.

Crocodiles are part of African cultural heritage, appearing in stories, traditions, and local history.

They attract eco-tourists, bringing income to communities and raising awareness about wildlife conservation.



NILE CROCODILE FUN FACTS

Big and Powerful – Nile crocodiles can grow longer than a car! Some reach over 5 meters (20 feet) and weigh more than 700 kg (1,500 lbs).

Sneaky Hunters – Nile crocs can stay almost completely underwater with only their eyes and nostrils above the surface, making them very hard to spot.

Motherly Care – Female crocs guard their nests and even carry hatchlings gently in their mouths to the water.

Sunbathing Specialists – They often bask on riverbanks to warm up, opening their mouths not to roar but to cool down!

Temperature-Dependent Babies – The temperature in the nest determines whether the babies are male or female.

Underwater Breath-Holding – They can hold their breath for up to 2 hours — though normally they stay under for about 15–30 minutes while hunting.

Top Predator – Nile crocodiles are apex predators, meaning nothing hunts them (except humans) once they're fully grown.

Super Strong Bite – They have one of the strongest bites in the animal kingdom!

Lots of Teeth – Adult Nile crocodiles usually have 64–68 teeth in total.

Hundreds of teeth Over a Lifetime – A crocodile can grow new teeth and may grow over 4,000 teeth in its lifetime!

No Chewing – Their teeth are designed for gripping and tearing, not chewing. They swallow food in large chunks.

